

MULTIPLE CHOICE. Choose the one alternative that best completes the statement or answers the question.

- 1) Which of the following descriptions reflects the role of the American pharmacist during the Scientific Era? 1) _____

A) Formulating and dispensing drugs from natural sources
B) Development of new drugs, including the mass production of synthetic drugs and antibiotics
C) Focus on ensuring positive outcomes for drug-related therapies
D) Dispensing of drug information, warnings, advice, and suggestions to their patients

Answer: B

- 2) Hippocrates was a third-generation physician, a philosopher, and a professor at the _____ School of Medicine. 2) _____

A) Cos B) Babylonian C) Lemnos D) Athens

Answer: A

- 3) The *Pen T-Sao* or native herbal was written in _____ China. 3) _____

A) ancient B) modern
C) the People's Republic of D) Han dynasty

Answer: A

- 4) Which of the following practiced and taught both pharmacy and medicine in Rome from 130 to 200 CE? 4) _____

A) Dioscorides B) Hippocrates C) Mithridates D) Galen

Answer: D

- 5) In addition to his duties as Apothecary General, Andrew Craigie also had time to: 5) _____

A) Develop the first polio vaccine.
B) Open the first hospital in the United States.
C) Develop an early pharmaceutical wholesaling and manufacturing business.
D) Found the American Pharmaceutical Association.

Answer: C

- 6) Which of the following is one of the defining characteristics of American pharmacy's Scientific Era? 6) _____

A) The mass production of synthetic drugs and antibiotics
B) Formulating and dispensing drugs derived from natural sources
C) Transformed pharmacy into a cognitive-based profession
D) Overarching philosophy known as pharmaceutical care

Answer: A

- 7) The five-volume book *De Materia Medica* contained information on more than 600 plants and minerals. It was written by: 7) _____

A) Mithridates. B) Galen. C) Dioscorides. D) Hippocrates.

Answer: C

- 8) The earliest known record of apothecary practice comes from which ancient civilization? 8) _____

A) Egypt B) Tenochtitlán C) Babylon D) China

Answer: C

- 9) The use of a pharmacy technician can be traced back to ancient _____, although the role did not evolve significantly until the late 20th century. 9) _____
 A) Rome B) Egypt C) Greece D) China
 Answer: B
- 10) Which of the following states is one of the six that do NOT regulate the practice of pharmacy technicians? 10) _____
 A) New Hampshire B) Minnesota
 C) Alabama D) New York
 Answer: D
- 11) Which of the following was the first educational institution for pharmacy in the United States? 11) _____
 A) St. Louis College of Pharmacy B) Massachusetts College of Pharmacy
 C) Philadelphia College of Pharmacy D) Harvard College of Pharmacy
 Answer: C
- 12) The *United States Pharmacopoeia* was the first book of drug standards to be accepted by an entire nation. It was first published in what year? 12) _____
 A) 1877 B) 1821 C) 1820 D) 1852
 Answer: C
- 13) In _____ in 2600 BCE, healers were priest, pharmacist, and physician all in one. 13) _____
 A) Anglo Saxia B) Babylon C) Germania D) China
 Answer: B
- 14) Whose writings, dating back to around 300 BCE, classified plants according to their methods of growth, locales, sizes, and practical uses? 14) _____
 A) Pedanios B) Galen C) Theophrastus D) Dioscorides
 Answer: C
- 15) Which of the following was the first person to provide apothecary products in the U.S. colonies? 15) _____
 A) Christopher Marshall B) Benjamin Franklin
 C) John Winthrop D) Jonathan Roberts
 Answer: C
- 16) In what year was the NPTA established? 16) _____
 A) 1999 B) 1974 C) 1920 D) 2002
 Answer: A
- 17) Who was the first man to hold the rank of a commissioned pharmaceutical officer in the U.S. Army? 17) _____
 A) Andrew Craigie B) John Morgan
 C) Benjamin Franklin D) Jonathan Roberts
 Answer: A
- 18) The American Pharmaceutical Association was founded in which year? 18) _____
 A) 1729 B) 1852 C) 1821 D) 1751
 Answer: B

- 19) _____-based drugs saved countless lives after being discovered during World War II. 19) _____
 A) Penicillin B) Sulfa C) Polio D) Vaccine
 Answer: A
- 20) Today, the abbreviation ASHP stands for: 20) _____
 A) Apothecary Society for Healing Practices.
 B) American Society of Healing Practices.
 C) American Society of Health-System Pharmacists.
 D) American Society of Hospital Pharmacists.
 Answer: C
- 21) Approximately _____ drugs are recorded in the ancient Indian manuscript known as the 21) _____
 Charaka Samhita.
 A) 700 B) 800 C) 365 D) 2,000
 Answer: D
- 22) Mithridates tested poisons and antidotes on himself and his: 22) _____
 A) Peasants. B) Courtiers. C) Prisoners. D) Family.
 Answer: C
- 23) Pharmacopoeia is a Latin term meaning: 23) _____
 A) Compilation of all pharmacists/apothecaries in the nation-state.
 B) Listing of pharmaceutical products.
 C) Pharmacist or apothecary.
 D) Physician's assistant.
 Answer: B
- 24) The earliest record of apothecary practice can be traced to ancient: 24) _____
 A) Greece B) China. C) Babylon. D) Mesoamerica.
 Answer: C
- 25) Today the symbol written as "Rx" is used as an abbreviation for a medical prescription. This symbol 25) _____
 was originally:
 A) Spelled out as *Rex*, Latin for king.
 B) An abbreviation for the Latin word *recipere*, meaning recipe.
 C) An invocation of the Roman god Jupiter asking for his aid in effective treatment.
 D) Written as a large X followed by a small r.
 Answer: C
- 26) Which of the following translates as "compendium of wandering physicians"? 26) _____
 A) *Pen T-Sao* B) *Charaka Samhita*
 C) *Papyrus Ebers* D) *Corpus Hippocraticum*
 Answer: B
- 27) Which of the following makes it possible for pharmacists to be able to provide medication therapy 27) _____
 review, pharmacotherapy consultations, immunizations, and disease-state management and health
 and wellness programs?
 A) NABP B) PTCB C) BLS D) MTM
 Answer: D

- 28) Which of the following was the first medicinal agent to bear a trademark? 28) _____
 A) Terra Sigilata B) The Four Humors theory
 C) Mithridates's universal antidote D) Babylonian clay tablet compounds
 Answer: A
- 29) The USP was first published in what year? 29) _____
 A) 1874 B) 1877 C) 1802 D) 1820
 Answer: D
- 30) Which ancient emperor, still revered as the patron god of native Chinese drug guilds, wrote the *Pen T-Sao*? 30) _____
 A) Mao Zedung B) Shen Nung C) Jiang Zemin D) Sun Yat Sen
 Answer: B
- 31) Which of the following was a physician who lived between 460 and 377 BCE, believed that health was based on harmony between four basic bodily fluids, and is known as the "father of medicine"? 31) _____
 A) Theophrastus B) Dioscorides C) Hippocrates D) Galen
 Answer: C
- 32) Which of the following made major contributions to the understanding of the inheritance of traits using pea plants, although his research was not rediscovered for about 200 years? 32) _____
 A) Alexander Fleming B) William Procter, Jr.
 C) Jonas Salk D) Gregor Mendel
 Answer: D
- 33) In his Theory of Humors, Hippocrates connects a person's irritability with the bodily fluid: 33) _____
 A) Yellow bile. B) Black bile. C) Phlegm. D) Blood.
 Answer: A
- 34) The *Pen T-Sao* included: 34) _____
 A) Instructions for compounding remedies. B) A listing of 700 unique drugs.
 C) A universal antidote for poisons. D) Recordings of 365 different herbs.
 Answer: D
- 35) Numerous new medications were introduced in the _____, ushering in the Clinical Era. 35) _____
 A) 1940s B) 1960s C) 1980s D) 2000s
 Answer: B
- 36) Which pharmaceutical workers in ancient Egypt could be seen as similar to pharmacy technicians today? 36) _____
 A) Chiefs of fabrication B) Wandering physicians
 C) Echelons D) Terra Sigilata
 Answer: C
- 37) Who was the first Apothecary General of the United States? 37) _____
 A) Arthur Craigie B) Andrew Carnegie
 C) Arthur Carnegie D) Andrew Craigie
 Answer: D

- 38) Which of the following is a collection of 800 prescriptions, specifically mentioning 700 unique drugs, and is the most important pharmaceutical document known from ancient Egypt? 38) _____
 A) *Papyrus Ebers* B) *Pen T-Sao* C) *Terra Sigilata* D) *Charaka Samhita*
 Answer: A
- 39) In the current era, the practice of pharmacy combines the advances and expectations of the previous era into an overarching philosophy called: 39) _____
 A) Pharmacopoeia. B) Pharmaceutical care.
 C) Corpus Hippocraticum. D) De Materia Medica.
 Answer: B
- 40) Who is considered the "Father of American Pharmacy"? 40) _____
 A) Benjamin Franklin B) Daniel B. Smith
 C) Andrew Craigie D) William Proctor, Jr.
 Answer: D
- 41) During the Middle Ages, _____ was practiced in monasteries by monks to aid the sick and injured. 41) _____
 A) praying B) surgery C) chanting D) pharmacy
 Answer: D
- 42) Who is considered the "Father of American Pharmacy"? 42) _____
 A) Daniel B. Smith B) William Proctor, Jr.
 C) Andrew Craigie D) Benjamin Franklin
 Answer: B
- 43) Where did the idea of an official pharmacopoeia, to contain a list of pharmaceutical products along with their formulae and methods of preparation, first originate? 43) _____
 A) Baghdad B) Paris C) Florence D) Heidelberg
 Answer: C
- 44) The role of the American pharmacist evolved during the 20th century. In which of the following pharmacy eras did the role of the pharmacist primarily consist of formulating and dispensing drugs from natural sources? 44) _____
 A) Pharmaceutical Care Era B) Traditional Era
 C) Clinical Era D) Scientific Era
 Answer: B
- 45) Austrian priest and scientist Gregor Mendel is known as the "Father of _____." 45) _____
 A) Modern Genetics B) Toxicology
 C) Medicine D) American Pharmacy
 Answer: A
- 46) Who combined their Greco-Roman medical practices with their own natural resources to develop syrups, confections, conserves, distilled waters, and alcoholic liquids during the Middle Ages? 46) _____
 A) Monasteries B) The Merovingians
 C) The Arabs D) The Egyptians
 Answer: C

- 47) Who developed an injectable polio vaccine and tested in on nearly 2,000,000 school children? 47) _____
 A) Albert Einstein B) Linus Pauling
 C) Franklin Roosevelt D) Jonas Salk
 Answer: D
- 48) In 1240 CE, the Emperor of Germany and King of Sicily, _____, presented the first European edict completely separating the responsibilities of pharmacy and medicine. 48) _____
 A) Frederick II B) James I and VI
 C) Hohenstaufen II D) George III
 Answer: A
- 49) Named for an ancient Roman physician, the class of pharmaceuticals compounded by mechanical means is called: 49) _____
 A) Therapeutics. B) Galenicals. C) Dioscorides. D) Botanicals.
 Answer: B
- 50) Which of the following is the Latin term for pharmacist and is also used as a general term to refer to the early practice of pharmacy? 50) _____
 A) Apothecary B) Alchemy
 C) Pharmacopoeia D) Lemnian
 Answer: A
- 51) Who presented the first European edict completely separating pharmacy responsibilities from those of medicine? 51) _____
 A) King James I B) Galen C) Frederick II D) John Winthrop
 Answer: C
- 52) Which term refers to the study of individual genetic differences in response to drug therapy? 52) _____
 A) Biotherapeutic pharmacology B) Pharmacogenomics
 C) Pharmacogenetics D) Biotechnology
 Answer: B
- 53) What became the legal standard for pharmaceuticals in the city of Florence in 1498? 53) _____
 A) Nuovo Receptario B) *Papyrus Ebers*
 C) De Materia Medica D) *Pen T-Sao*
 Answer: A
- 54) Who began providing the first apothecary products in colonial America in 1640? 54) _____
 A) Christopher Marshal B) Benjamin Franklin
 C) John Winthrop D) John Alden
 Answer: C
- 55) In 1877, the USP was in danger of discontinuation, because of a lack of interest from the medical profession. Who was the manufacturing pharmacist and physician who took the problem to the American Pharmaceutical Association, which formed a USP Committee on Revision? 55) _____
 A) Andrew Craigie B) William Procter, Jr.
 C) Edward R. Squibb D) Daniel B. Smith
 Answer: C

- 56) Prior to King James I granting the charter to form a separate company known as the "Master, Wardens, and Society of the Art and Mystery of the Apothecaries of the City of London" in 1617, who maintained jurisdiction over the apothecaries? 56) _____
A) The Medical Society
B) The Guild of Grocers
C) Nobody; apothecaries were completely independent.
D) The Guild of Apothecaries
Answer: B
- 57) In what year and city was the first U.S. college of pharmacy established? 57) _____
A) 1729, Philadelphia
B) 1852, Boston
C) 1821, Philadelphia
D) 1751, Boston
Answer: C
- 58) Founded in 1872, the American Pharmaceutical Association is now known as the: 58) _____
A) American Pharmaceuticals Association.
B) American Pharmacy Association.
C) American Pharmacological Association.
D) American Pharmacists Association.
Answer: D
- 59) Approximately 365 drugs were recorded in the: 59) _____
A) Charaka Samhita.
B) *De Materia Medica*.
C) *Pen T-Sao*.
D) *Papyrus Ebers*.
Answer: C
- 60) Who became the personal physician for the Roman imperial family after attending medical schools in Greece and Egypt? 60) _____
A) Theophrastus
B) Galen
C) Pedanios
D) Dioscorides
Answer: B
- 61) What biotechnology process uses a human gene to trigger production of a specific protein that can be inserted into a living organism and then be cultured in a laboratory? 61) _____
A) Mithridates's antidote
B) Recombinant DNA technology
C) Gene compounding
D) Pharmacogenomics
Answer: B
- 62) In the United States, the period known as the "traditional era" in pharmacy took place from: 62) _____
A) The early colonial period through the Civil War.
B) The late 1930s to the end of the 1950s.
C) The early 1900s through the 1930s.
D) The late 20th and early 21st centuries.
Answer: C
- 63) What organization has certified more than 425,000 pharmacy technicians through its certification exam and transfer process? 63) _____
A) American College of Apothecaries
B) National Pharmacy Technician Association
C) U.S. Department of Health, Education, and Welfare
D) Pharmacy Technician Certification Board
Answer: D

- 64) The first therapeutic agent to bear a trademark was the _____, which means "sealed earth." 64) _____
 A) *Papyrus Ebers* B) *Charaka Samhita* C) Terra Sigilata D) *Pen T-Sao*
 Answer: C
- 65) In what year did the ASHP accredit the first pharmacy technician training program? 65) _____
 A) 1982 B) 1980 C) 1985 D) 1983
 Answer: D
- 66) The Nuovo Receptario, published in 1498, was a collaboration between the _____ and the 66) _____
 Medical Society in the city-state of Florence.
 A) Guild of Apothecaries B) Guild of Grocers
 C) Florentine Pharmaceutical Association D) Association of Italian Apothecaries
 Answer: A
- 67) In the late eighth century, the first privately owned drug stores were established in: 67) _____
 A) London. B) Alexandria. C) Rome. D) Baghdad.
 Answer: D
- 68) Mithridates VI lived _____ for 7 years, developing an immunity to poisons. 68) _____
 A) in the olive groves near Athens B) in Babylon
 C) by the pyramids D) in the wilderness
 Answer: D
- 69) The majority of biotechnology drugs now under development are being tested for use in conditions 69) _____
 relating to:
 A) Obesity. B) Alzheimer's C) Cancer. D) Diabetes.
 Answer: C
- 70) Elizabeth Marshall was the first female pharmacist and: 70) _____
 A) The founder of the first hospital in colonial America in 1751.
 B) The author of the first American pharmacopoeia.
 C) The granddaughter of an Irish immigrant who established an apothecary shop in
 Philadelphia in 1729.
 D) The second wife of Benjamin Franklin.
 Answer: C
- 71) Since ancient times, physicians have taken a pledge called the _____, which includes the 71) _____
 promise to "do no harm."
 A) *Papyrus Ebers* B) *Charaka Samhita*
 C) Corpus Hippocraticum D) Hippocratic Oath
 Answer: D
- 72) Known as a printer, inventor, and statesman, Benjamin Franklin also established colonial America's 72) _____
 first hospital in:
 A) Boston, Mass. B) Concord, Mass.
 C) Philadelphia, Penn. D) Washington, D.C.
 Answer: C

- 73) Which of the following is known for developing poisons by testing them on himself in small doses? 73) _____
 A) Dioscorides B) Mithridates C) Theophrastus D) Hippocrates
 Answer: B
- 74) The ancient Hippocratic Oath begins "I swear by Apollo, the healer, Asclepius, Hygieia, and Panacea, and I take to witness all the gods, all the goddesses, to keep according to my ability and my judgment, the following Oath and agreement." Which of the following is the beginning of the modern version? 74) _____
 A) "I will prescribe regimens for the good of my patients according to my ability and my judgment and never do harm to anyone."
 B) "I will apply, for the benefit of the sick, all measures [that] are required, avoiding those twin traps of overtreatment and therapeutic nihilism."
 C) "I will prevent disease whenever I can, for prevention is preferable to cure."
 D) "I swear to fulfill, to the best of my ability and judgment, this covenant."
 Answer: D
- 75) The majority of biotechnology drugs are manufactured through a process called _____, in which a human gene that is capable of triggering the production of a specific protein is inserted into a living organism that is then cultured in a laboratory. 75) _____
 A) Biotechnology B) Pharmacogenomics
 C) Recombinant RNA technology D) Recombinant DNA technology
 Answer: D
- 76) Under Hippocrates's "Theory of Humors," which bodily fluid is associated with joy and happiness? 76) _____
 A) Blood B) Dark, black bile C) Yellow bile D) Phlegm
 Answer: A
- 77) Which of the following was the first to advocate for written prescriptions in the American colonies? 77) _____
 A) Benjamin Franklin B) John Morgan
 C) Christopher Marshall D) Jonathan Roberts
 Answer: B
- 78) Which document's title means "compendium of wandering physicians" and is the work of multiple authors? 78) _____
 A) *Papyrus Ebers* B) *De Materia Medica*
 C) *Corpus Hippocraticum* D) *Charaka Samhita*
 Answer: D
- 79) In which of the pharmacy eras in the United States did the role of the pharmacist begin to focus on ensuring positive outcomes for drug-related therapies? 79) _____
 A) Clinical Era B) Traditional Era
 C) Scientific Era D) Pharmaceutical Care Era
 Answer: D
- 80) What substance was used to make the Terra Sigilata? 80) _____
 A) Clay B) Papyrus C) Penicillin D) Water
 Answer: A

- 81) Who was known as the "father of botany" for his extensive writings on the medicinal qualities of herbs? 81) _____
 A) Hippocrates B) Mithridates C) Theophrastus D) Dioscorides
 Answer: C
- 82) Daniel B. Smith, _____, and 20 delegates of the College of Pharmacy founded the American Pharmaceutical Association. 82) _____
 A) John Winthrop B) William Proctor, Jr.
 C) Andrew Craigie D) Elizabeth Marshall
 Answer: B
- 83) Which culture first separated the arts of the apothecary and the physician, creating the first privately owned drug stores? 83) _____
 A) The Germans B) The Greeks C) The Romans D) The Arabs
 Answer: D
- 84) During the Middle Ages, pharmacy and medicine were often practiced in _____, where medicinal herb gardens can still be found today. 84) _____
 A) monasteries B) churches C) castles D) schools
 Answer: A
- 85) Who was a leader in founding the American Pharmaceutical Association, served as that organization's first secretary and later as its president, served 30 years on the USP Revision Committee, and was for 22 years editor of the American Journal of Pharmacy? 85) _____
 A) Daniel B. Smith B) Edward R. Squibb
 C) William Procter, Jr. D) Andrew Craigie
 Answer: C
- 86) What is the official public standards-setting authority for all prescription and over-the-counter medicines, dietary supplements, and other healthcare products manufactured and sold in the United States? 86) _____
 A) APA B) USP C) UPS D) UPC
 Answer: B
- 87) Which organization developed standards for the approval of pharmacy continuing education providers in 1975? 87) _____
 A) APhA B) ASHP C) ACPE D) NPTA
 Answer: C
- 88) The first hospital pharmacist in America was _____, although his successor was more influential in the fields of medicine and pharmacy. 88) _____
 A) John Morgan B) Jonathan Roberts
 C) Benjamin Franklin D) Christopher Marshall
 Answer: B
- 89) According to Hippocrates, the bodily phlegm is associated with what characteristic? 89) _____
 A) Viral infection B) Anger C) Lethargy D) Irritability
 Answer: C

- 90) Who was the first female pharmacist in the United States of America, the granddaughter of the shop's original owner? 90) _____
A) Julia Roberts B) Elizabeth Marshall
C) Ann Franklin D) Katherine Winthrop
Answer: B
- 91) The origin of pharmacy practice has been traced back more than _____ years. 91) _____
A) 8,500 B) 7,000 C) 15,000 D) 10,000
Answer: B
- 92) Producing, mixing, or preparing a drug by combining two or more ingredients is called: 92) _____
A) Apothecary. B) Compounding.
C) Muddling. D) Pharmo-preparation.
Answer: B
- 93) As the first Apothecary General, whose duties included procurement, storage, manufacture, and distribution of medicines for the U.S. Army? 93) _____
A) John Morgan B) Jonathan Roberts
C) Benjamin Franklin D) Andrew Craigie
Answer: D
- 94) Which organization serves as an official delegate member of USP, providing insights and a voice for pharmacy technicians? 94) _____
A) APA B) BIO C) NPTA D) APPA
Answer: C
- 95) In addition to being the first to provide apothecary products in the American colonies, John Winthrop was also the: 95) _____
A) Captain of the Mayflower.
B) First governor of the Massachusetts Bay Colony.
C) Master and warden of the Society of the Art and Mystery of the Apothecaries of New England.
D) Founder of the first hospital in Philadelphia.
Answer: B
- 96) What organization was open to "all pharmacists and druggists of good character who subscribed to its Constitution and to its Code of Ethics"? 96) _____
A) American Pharmaceutical Association
B) Guild of Apothecaries
C) American Council on Pharmaceutical Education
D) National Pharmacy Technician Association
Answer: A
- 97) What was Benjamin Franklin's contribution to health care in colonial America? 97) _____
A) Was the first hospital pharmacist B) Founded the first hospital
C) Invented the mortar and pestle D) Invented the idea of written prescriptions
Answer: B

- 98) The first organization for pharmacists in the Anglo-Saxon world, established by a charter from King James I in 1617, was the: 98) _____
- A) Anglo-Saxon Guild of Pharmacists and Apothecaries.
 - B) British Pharmaceutical Association.
 - C) Master, Wardens, and Society of the Art and Mystery of the Apothecaries of the City of London.
 - D) Guild of Grocers.

Answer: C

- 99) Which of the following statements is true? 99) _____
- A) As each era of pharmacy dawns, the principles and practices of the previous era are laid to rest.
 - B) Most of the principles of ancient pharmacy have been discarded over the centuries.
 - C) Many of the principles used in pharmacy thousands of years ago are still practiced today.
 - D) Many of the principles of modern pharmacy were known and used by prehistoric humans.

Answer: C

- 100) Which organization pioneered the evolution of the professional pharmacy technician, originally called "pharmacy specialist"? 100) _____
- A) United States Army
 - B) Organization of Medical Technologists
 - C) American Pharmaceutical Association
 - D) Office of the Apothecary General of the United States

Answer: A

- 101) The first official pharmacopoeia was called: 101) _____
- A) De Materia Medica.
 - B) De Material Medical.
 - C) Nuovo Receptario.
 - D) Pharmacopoeia Ebers.

Answer: A

Answer Key

Testname: CH01

- 1) B
- 2) A
- 3) A
- 4) D
- 5) C
- 6) A
- 7) C
- 8) C
- 9) B
- 10) D
- 11) C
- 12) C
- 13) B
- 14) C
- 15) C
- 16) A
- 17) A
- 18) B
- 19) A
- 20) C
- 21) D
- 22) C
- 23) B
- 24) C
- 25) C
- 26) B
- 27) D
- 28) A
- 29) D
- 30) B
- 31) C
- 32) D
- 33) A
- 34) D
- 35) B
- 36) C
- 37) D
- 38) A
- 39) B
- 40) D
- 41) D
- 42) B
- 43) C
- 44) B
- 45) A
- 46) C
- 47) D
- 48) A
- 49) B
- 50) A

Answer Key

Testname: CH01

- 51) C
- 52) B
- 53) A
- 54) C
- 55) C
- 56) B
- 57) C
- 58) D
- 59) C
- 60) B
- 61) B
- 62) C
- 63) D
- 64) C
- 65) D
- 66) A
- 67) D
- 68) D
- 69) C
- 70) C
- 71) D
- 72) C
- 73) B
- 74) D
- 75) D
- 76) A
- 77) B
- 78) D
- 79) D
- 80) A
- 81) C
- 82) B
- 83) D
- 84) A
- 85) C
- 86) B
- 87) C
- 88) B
- 89) C
- 90) B
- 91) B
- 92) B
- 93) D
- 94) C
- 95) B
- 96) A
- 97) B
- 98) C
- 99) C
- 100) A

Answer Key
Testname: CH01

101) A